



## Does Your Client Use Tobacco?

Most states allow health plans sold through state marketplaces to charge tobacco users more in premiums than non-tobacco users—sometimes known as a tobacco surcharge. Federal subsidies do not take into account these surcharges. Because of this, you probably already ask your clients if they use tobacco.

For clients who smoke or use other tobacco products, as you discuss plan options, make sure to note the higher premiums being charged because of tobacco use where applicable. Some plans allow tobacco users to avoid the surcharge by enrolling in a cessation program to help them stop using tobacco..

### Is Your Client Interested in Quitting Smoking?

While discussing these possible extra charges, and while discussing the client's general health, it is a great time to ask if he or she is interested in trying to quit. This is your opportunity to encourage your client to make an important change for their health, provide them with resources, and help them choose an insurance plan that covers the treatments they need to help them quit.

### What Do Health Insurance Plans Cover for Quitting Smoking?

Whether you are helping your client enroll in Medicaid or a marketplace plan, any plan option should cover treatments for quitting smoking (tobacco cessation). Some level of tobacco cessation coverage is required in all of these plans by the Affordable Care Act. Below is information about the coverage required for each type of plan by federal laws and regulations:

#### Medicaid

Nicotine Patch	Coverage is required
Nicotine Gum	Coverage is required
Nicotine Lozenge	Coverage is required
Nicotine Nasal Spray	Coverage is required
Nicotine Inhaler	Coverage is required
Bupropion	Coverage is required
Varenicline	Coverage is required
Individual Counseling	Coverage is not required, but plan still may cover it
Group Counseling	Coverage is not required, but plan still may cover it
Phone Counseling	Coverage is not required, but plan still may cover it
Cost-sharing	Policies about copays vary by state
Prior authorization	Policies about prior authorization vary by state

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As of January 1, 2014, Medicaid programs are no longer able to exclude any tobacco cessation medication from coverage (see Section 2502 of the Affordable Care Act). It is important to check the plan's information to confirm which tobacco cessation treatments are covered. If you encounter a Medicaid plan that is not covering a tobacco cessation medication, note that information for the future and consider working with your state Department of Health or tobacco control groups to reach out to your state's Medicaid program on behalf of your clients.

### Marketplace Plans

Nicotine Patch	Coverage is required
Nicotine Gum	Coverage is required
Nicotine Lozenge	Coverage is required
Nicotine Nasal Spray	Coverage is required
Nicotine Inhaler	Coverage is required
Bupropion	Coverage is required
Varenicline	Coverage is required
Individual Counseling	Coverage is required
Group Counseling	Coverage is required
Phone Counseling	Coverage is required
Cost-sharing	Cost-sharing (copays, co-insurance, deductibles) is not allowed
Prior authorization	Prior authorization is not allowed

As of January 1, 2014, all plans offered through state marketplaces are required to cover the Essential Health Benefit which includes all preventive services given an 'A' or 'B' rating by the US Preventive Services Task Force (see Section 1302 of the Affordable Care Act). Tobacco cessation is given an 'A' rating, and details of what plans should cover for tobacco cessation are contained in [Affordable Care Act Implementation FAQ XIX, Question 5](#).

The information above reflects these requirements, but some plans may interpret the requirements differently. It is important to check the plan's information to confirm which tobacco cessation treatments are covered. If you encounter a plan that does not cover tobacco cessation treatments according to these requirements, note that for the future and also consider informing your state insurance regulator. You can also work with your State Department of Health or tobacco control group to encourage these plans to cover all cessation treatments on behalf of your clients. ■